1. IOException => Input/Output runtime error
2. Casting=> converting the datatypes from one (char) to another (int)
3. parseInt => to convert a string of integer into Integer
4. String is not a fundamental datatype it is set or collection of character. String is a class. so we can not
5. cast it like *(int) string* but we need to use Integer.*parseInt(string)*
6. Wrapper classes => Byte, Short, Integer, Long, Float, Double and Boolean. These are the wrapper
7. classes. => Byte.parseByte, Short.parseShort, Long.parseLong, Float.parseFloat, Double.parseDouble
8. Delimeter = > this is the separator inside the csv file like “,”
9. Get input form keyboard => Scanner scan= new Scanner(System.in);
   1. String text= scan.nextLine();
   2. int num= scan.nextInt();
10. display an array => int[] arr = new int[];
    1. System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
11. String == and equals()=>
    1. String s1= “Hello”;
    2. String s2 = new String(“Hello”);
    3. Then s1 == s2 is not equal but s1.equals(s2) is equal => here what happens is when you use new object then it will create a new object reference and it will store the address into the heap but if you don’t create new object using new then it will store the value and then it will compare the content of it
12. What is constant pool